2021 CERTIFICATION MSDH-WATER SUPPLY Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) 2022 JUN -9 AM IO: 40

COAHOMA Co. Utility Dist. #2 PRINT Public Water System Name

OHOO53
List PWS ID #s for all Community Water Systems included in this CCR

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☑ On water bill (Attach copy of bill)		5.25.2022		
□ Email message (Email the message to the address below)				
□ Other (Describe:)			
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You must email or mail a copy of the CCR, Certification, and associated proof of delivery method(s) to the MSDH, Bureau of Public Water Supply. Mail: (U.S. Postal Service) Email: water.reports@msdh.ms.gov				
MSDH, Bureau of Public Water Supply P.O. Box 1700 Jackson, MS 39215				

2021 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report

Coahoma County Utility District #2 PWS#: 0140053 June 2022

CORRECTED COPY

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Quality Water Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to providing you with information because informed customers are our best allies. Our water source is from wells drawing from the Lower Wilcox Aguifer.

The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identify potential sources of contamination. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request. The wells for the Coahoma County Utility District #2 have received moderate rankings in terms of susceptibility to contamination.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact J. Robinson, Water Operator at 662.541- 2863. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please join us at any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held on the first Monday of the month at 3:00pm in the old KBH Building.

We routinely monitor for contaminants in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table below lists all of the drinking water contaminants that were detected during the period of January 1st thru December 31st, 2021. In cases where monitoring wasn't required in 2021, the table reflects the most recent results. As water travels over the surface of land or underground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive materials and can pick up substances or contaminants from the presence of animals or from human activity; microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife; inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm-water runoff, industrial, or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming; pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm-water runoff, and residential uses; organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations and septic systems; radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities. In order to, ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amounts of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. It's important to remember that the presence of these contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk.

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Action Level - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG) - The "Goal" (MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL) — The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary to control microbial contaminants.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG) – The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk of health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

Level 1 Assessment (LV1A)- A study of a water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water system

Parts per million (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/l) - one part per million corresponds to one minute in two years or a single penny in \$10,000.

Parts per billion (ppb) or Micrograms per liter - one part per billion corresponds to one minute in 2,000 years, or a single penny in \$10,000,000.

			95	TEST RESU	ILTS			
Contaminate		YEAR	LEVELS	RANGE			MCL	DESCRIPTION
Radioactive Cont	amina	tes						
5. Gross Alpha	N	2019	3.7	1.9 – 3.7	PCI/L	0	15	Erosion of natural deposits
6. Radium 226 Radium 228	N	2019	.66 1.6	.2066 .64 -1.6	PCI/L		5	Erosion of natural deposits
Inorganic Contar	 ninant:	<u> </u> S	1.0	<u>.</u>				
Disinfection By- Products								
Chlorine	N	2021	.60	.24 to 1.33	mg/l	0	MRDL = 4	Water additive used to control microbes
ПТНМ	N	2021	206	203-206	Ppb	Y	60ppb	
НАА5	N	2021	31.7	24.3-31.7	Ppb	Y	80ppb	

^{*} Most recent sample. No sample required for 2019

We're proud that your drinking water meets or exceeds all Federal and State requirements. We have learned through our monitoring and testing that the EPA has determined that your water IS SAFE at these levels.

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific contaminants on a monthly basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. In an effort to ensure systems complete all monitoring requirements, MSDH now notifies systems of any missing samples prior to the end of the compliance period.

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Our water system is responsible for providing high quality drinking water but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring, or manmade. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline 1.800.426.4791.

Coahoma County Utility District #2 works around the clock to provide top quality water to every tap. We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future.

2021 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report

Coahoma County Utility District #2 PWS#: 0140053 June 2022

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	1.0			TEST RESU	JLTS			
Contaminate	1	YEAR	LEVELS	RANGE			MCL	DESCRIPTION
Radioactive Con	tamina	ites						
5. Gross Alpha	N	2019	3.7	1.9 – 3.7	PCI/L	0	15	Erosion of natural deposits
6. Radium 226	N	2019	.66	.2066	PCI/L		5	Erosion of natural deposits
Radium 228			1.6	.64 -1.6				
Inorganic Conta	minant	s						
Copper	N	2021	.238	0	ppm	1.3	AL= 1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood
Lead	N	2021	.0032	0	ppb	0	AL=.015	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
Disinfection By- Products								
Chlorine	N	2021	.60	.24 to 1.33	mg/l	0	MR DL = 4	Water additive used to control microbes
TTHM	7	2021	206	203-206	Ppb		60p pb	
HAA5	N	2021	31.7	24.3-31.7	Ppb		80ppb	

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RTCR Assessment and/or Violation	Required to Report on the CCR
Level 1 Assessment	
Level 2 Assessment	1
Level 1 & 2 Assessment	
Treatment Technique (TI) Violation	
E.coli Detection and/or MCL Violation	

As you can see by the table, our system had 1 violation during the past year for TTHM level being exceeded. We're proud that your drinking water meets or exceeds all Federal and State requirements. We have learned through our monitoring and testing that the EPA has determined that your water IS SAFE at these levels.

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Coahoma Co. Utility Dist.#2 P.O. Box 178

Charleston, MS 38921 (662) 647-2846

Water TYPE OF SERVICE PRESENT 44650 METER READING PREVIOUS 43370 1,280 USED 27.50 CHARGES

FIRST-CLASS MAIL
U.S. POSTAGE PAID
Charleston
423
PERMIT NO.

Coahoma Co. Utility Dist.#2

30.25	50	27.50
PAST DUE AMOUNT	TOTAL DUE UPON RECEIPT	TOTAL DUE I
6/10/22	1010	
PAST DUE AFTER THIS DATE	ACCOUNT	ROUTE
DUE DATE	CUSTOMER	CUST

MAIL THIS STUB WITH YOUR PAYMENT

2811 Hwy 322 West FOR REPAIR OR SERVICE 662-902-9707

Service From 4/20/2022 TO 5/16/2022 1010

5/26/22

fee, before service is restored	disconnec	Past due a	<u> </u>	MONTH	METER REAL
e ser	tion.	ccou	6	DAY	EAD
vice is	Acco	ints no	7	CEMAO	2
restored.	disconnection. Account balance must be paid in full, including reconnect	Past due accounts not paid by the 10th of the month will be subject to	27.50	UPON RECEIPT	TOTAL DUE
	e paid in full, incl	of the month will	2.75	AFTER DUE DATE	LATE CHARGE
	uding reconnect	be subject to	30.25	AMOUNT	PAST DUE

Mon-Thurs 8AM-5PM lagoodwin@dgoodwincpa.com 2021 CCR contact Thomas J Robinson @ 662-541-2863

Charles Jr Ball 2811 Hwy 322 West Clarksdale MS 38614